Two Attic Demarchs Revisited

In the course of carrying out research on epigraphical evidence for the cults of Dionysos in the Attic demes, I studied the previous editions and examined the stones at autopsy that are directly or indirectly related to the context of Dionysos cults. Below I present two of them, in particular for revisiting the onomastics of two Attic demarchs.¹

1. The honorific decree of Halai Araphenides SEG 55, 252 (ca. 350)

The text was inscribed on a stele of 'Pentelic' marble of which the top, left and slightly bottom right were broken away. Kotzias² published the ed. princ. with a photo of the squeeze, but the stone found at Loutsa in 1926 is lost 'possibly during the Second World War' (informed by the Second Ephorate of Prehistoric and Classical Antiquities), and the squeeze is missing. Immediately after publication by Kotzias, Roussel³ suggested valuable correction and complement to lines 11-12. In the meantime, the text of *SEG* 55, 252, published in 2009, is a reprint of the ed. princ. Accordingly, it is still accepted as standard, while Hollinshead incorporated Roussel's correction into her text, followed by Kalogeropoulos.⁴ I think, however, the text would remain problematic on some points. My text is as follows:

6-18	[εἶναι δὲ κα]ὶ προεδρία-	stoich. 18
	[ν αὐτοῖς ἐν] τοῖς ἀγῶσι	
	[9]ν· νέμειν δὲ	
	[καὶ μερίδ]α αὐτῶν ἑκατ-	
10	[έρωι τοὺς] ἱεροποιοὺς	

I express my warm thanks to Dr. Angelos P. Matthaiou for suggesting me the problem of restoration in the first decree and for kindly showing me his unpublished paper of November 2014. I am grateful to Prof. John S. Traill and Dr. Georgia E. Malouchou for reading a draft. I also thank the director and staff of the Epigraphical Museum for granting me permission to examine the second decree EM 7746+7747 and for facilitating my study on September 2012.

^{1.} Another version of this paper was presented at Doshisha University (Kyoto, Japan) on May 2015. All dates are BCE unless otherwise stated. The notation [T.] attached to epigraphical citations means the letters which I examined at autopsy.

^{2.} N. Ch. Kotzias, Δημοτικὸν ψήφισμα Άλῶν τῶν Ἀραφηνίδων, AE 1925-1926 [1929] 168-177. On temporary preservation of the stone in the Archaeological Collection of Liopesi, see also Voula N. Bardani, Δημοτικὸ ψήφισμα Άλαιέων, HOPOΣ 10-12 (1992-1998) 58, n. 19.

^{3.} P. Roussel, Bulletin épigraphique, *REG* 43 (1930) 192.

^{4.} Mary B. B. Hollinshead, Legend, Cult, and Architecture at Three Sanctuaries of Artemis, Ph.D. dissertation, Bryn Mawr College 1979, 76-77, no. 1; K. Kalogeropoulos, Το ιεφό της Αφτέμιδος Ταυφοπόλου στις Αλές Αφαφηνίδες (Λούτσα), vol. 1, Athens 2013, 139-140, 144. On the repeated use of the ed. princ., see D. Whitehead, The Demes of Attica, 508/7-ca. 250 B.C.: A Political and Social Study, Princeton 1986, 381, no. 59; Sara M. Wijma, Embracing the Immigrant: The Participation of Metics in Athenian Polis Religion (5th-4th Century BC), Stuttgart 2014, 121; Ilaria Bultrighini, Demi attici della Paralia, Lanciano 2015, 113.

[τοὺς ἱερο]π[οι]οῦντας ἀ[εὶ καὶ τὸν] δήμ[α]ρχον· ἀν[αγράψαι] δὲ τόδ[ε τ]ὸ ψήφ[ισμα ἐν σ]τήλει λι[θ]ίνε15 [ι καὶ στῆ]σαι ἐν τῶι ἱερ[ῶι τῆς ᾿Αρ]τέμιδος τῆς Τ[αυροπόλ]ης τὸν δήμαρχ[ον . . 4-5 . .]αν.

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Suppl. Kotzias, 11-12 Roussel \parallel 7-8 [ἐν] τοῖς ἀγῶσι \mid [ν, οἶς τίθησι]ν Kotz.; [πᾶσι 'Αλαιῶ]ν Takeuchi \parallel 11-12 [....8....] π[οι]οῦντας 'Α \mid [ρχίαν τὸν] δήμ[α]ρχον Kotz. \parallel 17-18 τὸν δήμαρχ \mid [ον 'Αρχί]αν Kotz. et alii.

6-8 These lines are related to the award of proedria at the competitions of some kind. Kotzias complimented the text with τοῖς ἀγῶσι|[ν, οἶς τίθησι]ν, but this causes 19 letters in line 8 instead of 18 letter stoichedon, as Matthaiou noticed independently, and the last nu is placed on stoichos 10, not 11. Moreover, the relative clause modifying the words like τοῖς ἀγῶσι(ν) mostly needs a nominative subject, such as deme. Cf. SEG 34, 103.21-24 (Halai Araphenides, 334/3-314/3) [T.]: εἶναι δὲ καὶ προε|δρίαν αὐτῶι ἐν τοῖς ἀγῶσι|ν ἅπασιν, οἶς ἄν ποιῶσιν Ἁλ|αιῆς; IG II² 1182.2-4 (Myrrhinous, med. s. IV): [πρ]οεδρί[αν ἐν | ταῖς θέ]αις πάσαις αἷς πο[ι|ο]ῦσι Μυρρινούσιοι. For a parallel from the polis decrees, cf. IG II² 500.31-33 (302/1): εἶναι δ᾽ | αὐτοῖς καὶ προεδρίαν ἐν ἅπασιν το|ῖς ἀγῶσιν οῧς ἄν ἡ πόλις τιθεῖ.

Given no other clear breach of stoichedon in this text, I suggest here $[\mathring{\epsilon}v]$ τοῖς ἀγῶσι | [πᾶσι Ἅλαιῶ]ν 'at all the competitions of Halai', following an alternative restoration of Matthaiou. The adjective πᾶσι(ν) or ἄπασι(ν) is in general attached to τοῖς ἀγῶσι(ν) in this context, as cited above. Cf. Hdt. 6. 57.10: καὶ ἐν τοῖσι ἀγῶσι πᾶσι προεδρίας ἐξαιρέτους. The genitive plural demotic ဪαλαιῶν⁵ is the contracted form of Ἡλαιέων. On the latter, one can find an example in the same decree SEG 55, 252.3-5: [δικαιοσ]ὑνης ἕνεκα | $[καὶ φιλοτι]μίας τῆς {ε}ἰς | <math>[τὸν δῆμον τ]ῶν ਜλ⟨α⟩ιέων$. For my restoration cf. IG II² 450.25-29 (314/3) [Τ.]: δοῦναι δὲ αὐτῶι καὶ [σίτ]|ησιν ἐμ πρυτανείωι καὶ [πρ]|οεδρίαν ἐν ἄπασι τοῖς ἀγῶ|σιν τοῖς τῆς πόλεως καὶ ἐκ|γόνων τῶι πρεσβυτάτωι.

8-12 These lines regulate the provision of sacrificial meat for the non-demesmen, either citizens or foreigners. I would maintain Roussel's correction, by which the *hieropoioi* in office and the demarch are to provide the portion of the meat for each of the honorands. At any rate, the ed. princ. does not make sense, since it is syntactically impossible and incorrect to designate some personal name here as the

^{5.} For such contractions of nouns in -ευς, see L. Threatte, *The Grammar of Attic Inscriptions*, vol. 2: *Morphology*, Berlin 1996, 248-258, 56.0225; cf. *IG* II³ 4, 223.1 (Halai Aixonides, ca. 360-350): [οἱ αἱ]ρεθέντ[ες ὑπ]ὸ 'λλα[ιῶν]. I thank Dr. Angelos Matthaiou for drawing my attention to this point.

^{6.} The demarch could share responsibility for sacrifice with the *hieropoioi*. Cf. *IG* I³ 244C.2-5 (Skambonidai, ca. 440) [T.]: τὸν δ $\underline{\epsilon}$ [μαρχον | κ]αὶ τὸς : \hbar ι[εροποι]| $\underline{\delta}$ ς : τῆι Λεῶ[ι δρᾶν τ| $\underline{\epsilon}$]λεον : λῆχ[σιν].

subject of present infinitive vέμειv, which suggests a permanent or recurrent privilege at annual sacrifices. Cf. *I.Eleusis* 99.20-23 (319/8? or ca. 340-330): vέμειv δὲ αὐτ|ῶι καὶ μερίδα ἐκ τῶν ἱερῶν καθά|περ Ἐλευσινίοις τὸν δήμαρχον | τὸν ἀεὶ δημαρχοῦντα; IG II² 1204.12-17 (Lamptrai, fin. s. IV) [T.]: καὶ vέμει|v αὐτῶι κρέα ἐν τοῖς | ἱεροῖς οἶς ἄν θύωσι|v οἱ δημόται Λαμπτρ|[ᾶσι καθ]άπερ Λαμπτρ|[εῦσι]. Since his initial alpha is not secure, Roussel's amendment must have affected the restoration of [Ἀρχί]αv in line 18, but even Hollinshead and Kalogeropoulos leave the ed. princ. as it is (see below).

12-18 The publication formula could have contained a demarch name at the end, as attested in several deme decrees. Cf. *IG* II² 1197.18-21 (Aixone, ca. 330) [T.]: ἀναγράψαι δὲ τό|δε τὸ ψήφισμα εἰς στήλην λιθί|νην Φιλόθηρον τὸν δήμαρχον v | καὶ στῆσαι ἐν τῶι θεάτρωι; *SEG* 43, 26.Β14-15⁷ (Acharnai, 315/4) [T.]: ἀναγράψαι δὲ τόδε τὸ ψήφισμα εἰ|στήλην λιθίνην τὸν δήμαρχον Οἰνόφιλον. Based on the ed. princ., Whitehead⁸ listed A[rchi]as (*PAA* 212375) as the demarch of Halai Araphenides and regarded him 'surely' as Archias (*PAA* 212370) father of Apollodoros (*PAA* 142450), a councillor in 341/0 (*IG* II³ 4, 76.51). But the uncertainty of the initial alpha raises other possibilities of 6 letter name just ending -ας, such as Εὐθίας (*PAA* 431590; 431595), Νικέας (*PAA* 710205), Χαρίας (*PAA* 981015), all known from Halai Araphenides.

On the other hand, although Kotzias noted that the last letter of line 18 is nu, the two final letters $-\alpha\nu$ are illegible on the photo of the squeeze. If Kotzias is right, the alpha should be placed in stoichos 7, but it is not fully preserved on the edge of the squeeze paper. One can not rule out, therefore, that the alpha may occupy stoichos 8 and the demarch has 7 letter name. For example, $\Pi \epsilon \iota \theta i \alpha \varsigma$ (*PAA* 770820) is known as the proposer of another deme decree of Halai Araphenides *SEG* 34, 103, dated in 334/3-314/3. In addition, $\Delta\alpha\iota\sigma i\alpha\varsigma$ (*PAA* 300650) is attested on a funerary monument *IG* II² 5468 in 340-317, found at Brauron, which suggests his family belonging to Halai Araphenides rather than to Halai Aixonides.

2. The honorific decree of Athmonon IG II² 1203 (325/4)

A pedimental stele of white marble, broken on the bottom (**fig. 1**). Koumanoudes published the upper fragment a (EM 7746), to which Wilhelm added the lower fragment b (EM 7747), as printed in IG II² 1203. I confirm Schwenk's observation on the bottom lines, except for a demarch name at the end. My text at autopsy is as follows:

15-20	άρετῆς ἕνεκα καὶ $\langle \delta angle$ ικαιο- a	stoich. 25
	σύνης τῆς εἰς τοὺς δημότας, καὶ	
	<u>ἀ</u> νειπεῖν Ἀμαρυσίων τῶι ἀγῶνι. ἀν-	(27 litt.)
	αγράψαι δὲ τόδ[ε τὸ ψήφισμ]α [ἐν] στ<ή>-	(27 litt.)
\boldsymbol{b}	$[λ]$ <u>ει λ[</u> ιθ] [ν[ει] καὶ σ[τῆσαι ἐν τῶι ἱερ- vv^2]	non-stoich.
20	ῶι τὸν δήμαρχον Πολ[].	non-stoich.

^{7.} For my new readings on this decree see K. Takeuchi, Ten Notes on Inscriptions from the Attic Demes, $HOPO\Sigma$ 22-25 (2010-2013) [2014] 85-88, no. 1 (SEG 63, 101).

^{8.} Whitehead 1986, 411, no. 17. This identification is supported by R. Osborne, *Demos: The Discovery of Classical Attika*, Cambridge 1985, 84 and, most recently, by Sarah C. Humphreys, *Kinship in Ancient Athens: An Anthropological Analysis*, Oxford 2018, 881, n. 106.

^{9.} S. A. Koumanoudes, Άττικαὶ ἐπιγραφαὶ ἀνέκδοτοι, Άθήναιον 1 (1872) 16-17, no. 5 [APMA I 15]; A. Wilhelm, Άττικὰ ψηφίσματα, AE 1905 [1906] 225-227, no. 5.

^{10.} Cynthia J. Schwenk, Athens in the Age of Alexander: The Dated Laws and Decrees of 'The Lykourgan Era' 338-322 B.C., Chicago 1985, 348-354, no. 70 (SEG 35, 239).

Suppl. 1-18 Koumanoudes, reliqua Wilhelm \parallel 15 fin. AlKAlO lapis \parallel 18 τό[δε τὸ ψήφισμ]α Wilhelm \parallel 18 fin. ΣΤΕ lapis, [ἐν σ]τή- Kirchner; cf. Threatte, *GAI* I, 162, no. 9 \parallel 19 in. [λ]ει λ[ιθίνει] Kirchner, [λ]ει $\underline{\lambda}$ [ιθίνει] Schwenk \parallel 19 fin. – 20 in. Schwenk, σ[τῆσαι ἐν τῶι ἱερ]|ῶι Wilhelm \parallel 20 τὸν δήμαρχον Πο[- - -] Wilhelm et alii.

20 Of the name of the Athmonon demarch, the first two letters $\Pi_0[---]$ (*PAA* 776010) has been read in the previous editions. At autopsy, however, I could confirm a slanting stroke on the right edge, most likely the left diagonal of lambda (**fig. 2**). Among the Athenian names starting with Π_0 - are known from Athmonon in the fourth century Π_0 εμόνικος in *IG* II² 5261 (*PAA* 776525), Π_0 λύζηλος in *IG* II² 2385.62 (*PAA* 778440), Π_0 λυκλῆς in *IG* II² 5348 (*PAA* 779063) and in *IG* II² 5349 (*PAA* 779065).

Addendum. At autopsy, one of the six merarchs is inscribed in the decree (lines 8-9) as Χαιρε|φάνην Χαριάδου and in the crown relief (lines 25-26) as Χαιρεφάνης | Χαριάδο[υ] (fig. 3). Wilhelm correctly transcribed the latter patronymic as Χαριά[δ]ο[υ], but Kirchner and Schwenk misprinted it as Χαιριάδο[υ]. In the Athenian onomastics, Χαιριάδες is only found in *IG* I³ 1190.99 of ca. 411 (*PAA* 976435), whereas Χαριάδης is not an uncommon name in Attica. The Athmonon merarch Χαιρεφάνης (*PAA* 975375) is also detected on a family grave monument with his father Χαριάδης (*PAA* 980260), brother Χαιρέστρατος (*PAA* 974720), and mother Πεισικράτεια (*PAA* 771590) daughter of ἀλκίμαχος (*PAA* 121925) of Angele.¹³

^{11.} See also Whitehead 1986, 409, no. 9.

^{12.} Traill points out to me that the orthography o for ou in IG II^2 5261 and 5348 suggests that Πολεμόνικος and Πολυκλῆς are a generation too early for identification with the demarch, but either might certainly be of the same family as Πολ-. For an independent investigation of the demarch's prosopography, see most recently Humphreys 2018, 1057, n. 66.

^{13.} ΣΕΜΑ 32 (ca. 350-300): [Χ]αριάδης | [Χ]αιρεφάνους | [Ά]θμονεύς. | duae rosae | Πεισικράτεια | ἀλκιμάχου | ἀγγελῆθεν. | Χαιρεφάνης | Χαριάδους | ἀθμονεύς. | Χαιρέστρατος | Χαριάδους | ἀθμονεύς. For the other son of Χαριάδης, S. D. Lambert, Rationes Centesimarum: Sales of Public Land in Lykourgan Athens, Amsterdam 1997, F11, A.1: ἀπ.[. c.3 .]ς Χαριάδο[υ ἀ]θμο[(νεύς)]. On this family, see Lambert 1997, 151-152, no. 7; Humphreys 2018, 1065-1066, table 29.15.

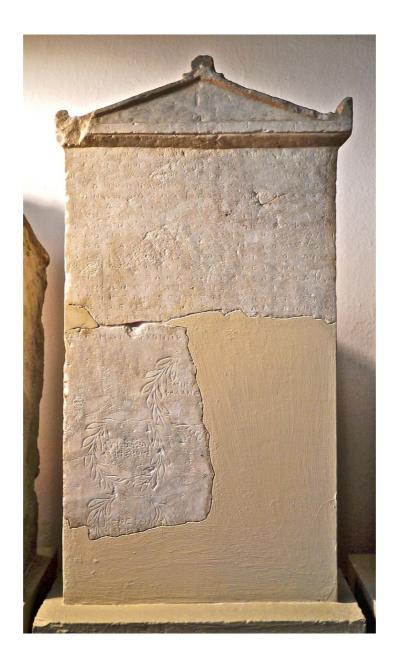


Figure 1. $IG II^2$ 1203 (EM 7746, 7747). Photo K. Takeuchi.



Figure 2. Detail of $IG II^2$ 1203.19-20. Photo K. Takeuchi.



Figure 3. Detail of $IG II^2 1203.25-26$. Photo K. Takeuchi.